

EDUCATION AND COUNSELLING TO PREGNANT WOMEN AND FAMILIES ABOUT THE RISKS AND BENEFITS OF CAESAREAN DELIVERY AND ITS ANDVANTAGES ON DECISION- MAKING.

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INTRODUCTION

C-section is a surgical procedure where the baby is delivered through an incision made in the mother's abdomen and uterus.

The common reasons why a C-section might be recommended, include maternal and fetal health conditions (e.g., hypertension, diabetes), fetal distress, breech presentation, placenta previa, or previous C-sections.

BEBEFITS OF C-SECTION



C-sections, can be both beneficial and risky, depending on various factors.

Benefits:

- ▶ **Life-Saving**: C-sections can be life-saving for both the mother and the baby in situations where vaginal delivery poses risks to one or both.
- ▶ Reduced Risk of Birth Trauma: C-sections can reduce the risk of birth trauma, especially in cases of prolonged labor, large babies, or breech presentation.
- ▶ Planned Delivery: In cases of known medical issues or complications during pregnancy, planned C-sections can provide a controlled environment for delivery.
- ▶ Avoidance of Labor Pain: Some women opt for elective C-sections to avoid the pain of labor, although this is typically not recommended unless medically necessary.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH C-SECTION



The potential risks and complications that can arise from having a C-section. These may include

- ▶ **Surgical Risks**: C-sections are major abdominal surgeries, carrying risks such as infection, blood loss, blood clots, and adverse reactions to anesthesia. injury to surrounding organs, and potential complications in future pregnancies.
- ▶ **Recovery Time**: Recovery from a C-section generally takes longer time compared to vaginal delivery. It can be more painful and may require restrictions on physical activity for several weeks.
- ▶ Complications in Future Pregnancies: C-sections can increase the risk of complications in future pregnancies, such as uterine rupture, placenta previa, and placenta accreta.





- ▶ Breastfeeding Challenges: Women who undergo C-sections may face challenges with breastfeeding due to delayed milk production, difficulty with positioning, and the effects of anesthesia on the baby.
- ▶ Emotional Impact: Some women may experience feelings of disappointment, failure, or guilt if their birth does not go as planned or if they feel pressured into having a C-section.
- ▶ Increased Healthcare Costs: C-sections are generally more expensive than vaginal births and may lead to increased healthcare costs for families, especially if there are complications requiring extended hospital stays or additional medical interventions.

ANDVANTAGES ON DECISION- MAKING



Shared Decision-Making Process:

A nurse has a role of encourage open communication and collaboration in making informed decisions. Also to encourage pregnant women and their families to ask questions, express concerns, and actively participate in decision-making regarding their childbirth experience. On doing this it will help to:

- ► Reduce anxiety
- ► Improved satisfaction
- ► Reduce unnecessary caesarean section
- ► Also considering medical evidence and best practice
- ► Enhance trust and collaboration: it ensures all parties are feel respected heard, and valued throughout the child birth process



CONCLUSION

▶ Nurses often provide valuable insights and advocate for patients' needs, contributing for better outcomes and patients satisfaction. When doctors making decision without involving nurses, there can be a lack of comprehensive care and oversight. They may lead to overlooked patient concern and potentially may increase unnecessary caesarean deliveries.